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Introduction

The Arkansas General Assembly has enacted legislation authorizing the electorate of cities and towns to broaden the revenue base with local sales tax levies. Other legislation authorizes countywide sales taxes by which each city or town in the county receives its per capita share unless authorized by county voters to be used for a specific purpose.

If your city contemplates a bond issue, consult your bond attorney as the first step.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this book is not intended as legal advice for any specific case. Readers are responsible for consulting with legal counsel when questions arise concerning the application of the law to a particular set of facts.

This book is intended solely for educational and informational purposes.
Authority for Local Sales Tax

Most all references are to The Handbook for Arkansas Municipal Officials. Handbook section numbers are the same as section numbers in the official Arkansas Code of 1987, as amended.

City Sales Taxes

First Operating Authority
May be used for general revenue, special revenue (if ballot limits use) or pledged to bonds if done by separate vote (A.C.A. §§ 26-75-201 et seq.).

Second Operating Authority
May be used for general revenue, special revenue (if ballot limits use) or pledged to bonds if done by separate vote (A.C.A. §§ 26-75-301 et seq.).

Changes in Use or Term
The use of city sales and use tax monies levied under the two foregoing operating authorities may be changed with voter approval. See §§ 26-75-208(c) and 26-75-308(e). A city may vote to extend the term of an existing tax prior to its expiration. See §§ 26-75-208(b)(3) and 26-75-308(c)(3).

Other City Sales Taxes
Capital Improvements (tax dedicated exclusively for bond issue) (A.C.A. § 14-164-301 et seq.)
24 Months Alternative to Bond Issue (pay as you go) (A.C.A. § 14-164-338)
36 Months Alternative to Bond Issue (pay as you go) (for criminal justice purposes only) (A.C.A. § 14-164-340)
Alternative for Operation or Maintenance (A.C.A. § 26-73-113)
Two-Year Tax for Parks (A.C.A. § 26-75-401 et seq.)

County Sales Taxes

First Operating Authority
May be used for general revenue, special revenue (if ballot limits use) or pledged to bonds if done by separate vote (A.C.A. § 26-74-201 et seq.).

Second Operating Authority
May be used for general revenue, special revenue (if ballot limits use) or pledged to bonds if done by separate vote (A.C.A. § 26-74-301 et seq.). Capital Improvements (tax dedicated exclusively for bond issue) (A.C.A. § 14-164-301 et seq.).
24 Months Alternative to Bond Issue (pay as you go) (A.C.A. § 14-164-338)

Economic Development Project Sales Tax

The Local Sales and Use Tax Economic Development Project Funding Act authorizes an economic development tax of up to 1% (in 1/8 increments) that must be voter approved with the tax collection delayed until a qualified project is identified (A.C.A. §§ 26-82-101-119). This supplements the authority to dedicate some existing sales tax to economic development under A.C.A. § 14-174-101 et seq.

Multi-County Airport and Riverport Financing Act
One (1) Cent (A.C.A. § 26-81-101 et seq.)

Mass Transit
One Quarter (1/4) Cent (A.C.A. § 26-73-111 & 112)

Further Information About Sales Tax Collections

City & Town magazine, the official monthly magazine of the Arkansas Municipal League, features an updated map of Arkansas showing the counties and cities that have voted sales taxes and the cities that have both county and city sales taxes. This map also shows the total local sales tax by month for the year to date plus the results of the sales tax elections in the current year. On the opposite page is the sales tax revenue for the current month for the cities and counties with sales taxes.

A.C.A. § 26-73-115 allows a mayor or county judge to obtain a quarterly report from the Arkansas Department of Finance and Administration listing businesses remitting sales and use taxes in the municipality. Also, information is available that shows how sales tax receipts break down by the type of business. For details, refer to “Track Local Distribution with Monthly DFA Report” on page 10 of this publication.

1. The percentage authorized by statute are one-eighth percent (.125%), one-fourth percent (0.25%), one-half percent (.5%), three-fourths percent (.75%), one percent (1%) or any combination of these amounts (A.C.A. 26-75-207(a); 26-73-307(a)).
2. Increments up to one percent (1%).
3. One-half percent (0.5%) or one percent (1%).
Procedure for City Sales Tax Election

Municipalities have the authority to levy sales taxes, which must be adopted by ordinance (A.C.A. §§ 26-75-207(a) and 26-75-307(a)). Such ordinances must be approved by the voters at a special election (A.C.A. § 26-75-208; A.C.A. § 26-75-308). However, a special election may be held at the same time as a general election. See the chart below for days on which a special election may be held.

The following chart provides a timeline of requirements under both Arkansas statutes to levy a sales tax by special election. “T-x” refers to the number of days prior to election day that deadlines occur. “DFA” refers to the Arkansas Department of Finance and Administration.

The following information is presented as a guide to the process. However, it is no substitute for (1) reading the statutes themselves and (2) relying on the advice of your city attorney or other legal counsel.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Election Requirements</th>
<th>Department of Finance and Administration Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>T-120 days+</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Select an election date.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>◊ The election date must be called for the next special election date under A.C.A. § 7-11-205. See A.C.A. § 26-75-208(a)(2); A.C.A. § 26-75-308(a)(2).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>◊ The election may be the same date as the next regular election if the next regular election is to be held within the next 120 days (A.C.A. § 26-75-208(a)(3)).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>◊ Dates available:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Second Tuesday of the month of March, May, August or November in a year when a presidential election is held, and February, May, August or November of all other years (A.C.A. § 7-11-205(a)(1)(A)(B)).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- If the second Tuesday of the month is a legal holiday, the election should be held on the third Tuesday of the month (A.C.A. § 7-11-205(a)(1)(2)(A)).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>T-70 days</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• For elections held on a date of a preferential primary or general election:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>◊ File the levying and special election ordinances for the sales tax with the county clerk by this date. Election must be held at least seventy (70) days following this filing (A.C.A. § 7-11-205(b)(1)).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Election Requirements</td>
<td>Department of Finance and Administration Requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>T-60 days</strong></td>
<td>• For elections <em>not</em> held on a date of a preferential primary, general primary or general election: ◊ File the levying and special election ordinances for the sales tax with the county clerk by this date. Election must be held at least sixty (60) days following this filing (A.C.A. § 7-11-205(b)(2)).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>T-47 days</strong></td>
<td>• County board of election commissioners must prepare the official absentee ballots and deliver them to the county clerk no later than this date (A.C.A. § 7-5-407(a)).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>T-46 days</strong></td>
<td>• County clerk delivers the absentee ballots to qualified applicants (A.C.A. § 7-5-407(a)).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>T-45 days</strong></td>
<td>• Submit the sales tax ordinance to the DFA secretary by this date (A.C.A. § 26-25-107). <em>It is advisable to submit much earlier than this date in order to have time to make any needed corrections.</em> • Submit the ordinance to the secretary at: Department of Finance &amp; Administration Sales and Use Tax P.O. Box 1272 Little Rock, AR 72203 501-682-7104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Within 15 days of submission to DFA</strong></td>
<td>• Ordinance is either approved or rejected by the secretary. If the ordinance is rejected, the secretary will explain the reasons for the ordinance’s rejection. • The city is then required to correct the ordinance’s defects. If not, the ordinance will be deemed defective and any tax levied under the ordinance will not be collected by the secretary. • If the levy is a result of an initiated measure, the county board of election commissioners must submit the initiated measure to the secretary. • Failure to submit an ordinance to the secretary, or the failure to use a sample form, will not render an ordinance invalid by itself (A.C.A. § 26-25-107(d)).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>T-0 Election Day</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


After Election Day

- The mayor of the city is required to issue a proclamation of the results of the election one time in a newspaper of general circulation in the city (A.C.A. §§ 26-75-209(1)(b), 26-75-309(1)(B)).

- The mayor of the city shall notify the secretary of the rate change after publication of the proclamation has occurred and ninety (90) days before the effective date of the tax (A.C.A. §§ 26-75-209(1)(D), 26-75-309 (1)(D)(i)).

When the new sales tax becomes effective

- Any legal challenge to a sales tax election must be filed within 30 days after the proclamation has been published (A.C.A. §§ 26-75-209(1)(C), 26-75-309(1)(C)).

- If no legal challenge is presented…

  ◊ Periods that must expire before the effective date of the new tax:

  ■ 90 days following notice to the DFA secretary after the election (meaning the tax approved in one calendar quarter will not be effective until after the end of the following calendar quarter).

  ■ 60 days’ notice by DFA to collectors of the new tax.

  ■ 30 days following the publication of the proclamation of results and expiration of the legal challenge period (A.C.A. § 26-75-209(1)(D) (ii); 26-75-309(1)(D)(ii)).

  ◊ Typically, new sales taxes go into effect on the first day of the calendar quarter following the expiration of the foregoing statutory time periods (A.C.A. §§ 26-75-209(1)(D)(ii), 26-75-309(1) (D)(ii); A.C.A. § 26-75-411). Calendar quarter is defined as a three-month period beginning on January 1, April 1, July 1 or October 1).

  ■ However, the effective date may be deferred for up to 36 months if approved by the voters (A.C.A. §§ 26-75-207(d), 26-75-308(d)).

- If a legal challenge is presented…

  ◊ Collection of the tax continues unless enjoined by court order (A.C.A. §§ 26-75-209(2), 26-75-309(2)).

After the new sales tax becomes effective

- As soon as is practicable, and no later than ten (10) days following each of the events set forth in the ordinance with reference to the procedure for the adoption or abolition of such tax and the effective dates of such action, the city clerk of the city shall notify the DFA secretary of such event.

- Accompanying the first of any such notices, the city clerk shall send to the secretary a map of the city clearly showing the boundaries of the city (A.C.A. § 26-75-311(a)).

- Any time the city changes or alters its boundaries, forward to the DFA secretary the following materials at least 90 days before the effective date of the boundary change:

  ◊ Certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory affected by the tax.

  ◊ A map clearly showing territory added or detached (A.C.A. §§ 26-75-211(b)(1); 26-75-311(b)(1)).
Rebates or Refunds of Additional Local Tax Paid

Qualifying businesses (including cities and towns as noted below) may be eligible for a rebate or refund of the additional local tax paid on qualifying purchases on purchase invoices that exceed $2,500.00. A qualifying purchase means a purchase of tangible personal property, specified digital products, a digital code or a taxable service for which a business may claim a business expense deduction or depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes (A.C.A. § 26-52-523(a)). The purchase will be eligible even though the business purchaser may not be required to file an income tax return.

In addition, municipalities and other governmental agencies (including schools and colleges or universities) and nonprofit organizations (including churches) may apply for rebates/refunds of additional local taxes paid if the purchase would have been subject to a business expense deduction had it been purchased by an entity other than a governmental agency or a nonprofit organization. Pursuant to A.C.A. § 26-52-523(b)(2) for purposes of calculating the rebate or refund amount, a uniform single transaction definition has been adopted: “Single transaction” shall mean a sale of tangible personal property, specified digital products, a digital code or taxable service reflected on a single invoice, receipt or statement for which an aggregate sales and use tax amount has been reported or remitted to the state for a single local taxing jurisdiction (A.C.A. § 26-52-523(b)(2)).

There is a one-year time limit on requesting a rebate which begins on the date of the purchase or from the date of payment of the tax to the seller, whichever is later (A.C.A. § 26–52–523(d)). For cities and towns that hold a sales and use tax permit and file an Excise Tax Reporting Form, rebates can be claimed directly on that form and submitted to the Sales and Use Tax Section of the DFA as directed on the form.

For those cities and towns that do not hold a sales and use tax permit, refunds may be obtained by filing a Claim for Local Cap Rebate Form numbers ET-179A and B. In addition to filling out those claim forms, photocopies of the invoices at issue should be attached to the form(s) and mailed to:

DFA Local Tax Rebate Unit
P. O. Box 3566
Little Rock, AR 72203

The Rebate Unit may be contacted at 501-682-7105. Forms are available via the internet at:

www.dfa.arkansas.gov/offices/exciseTax/salesanduse/Documents/LocalTaxRebateClaimForm.pdf
www.dfa.arkansas.gov/offices/exciseTax/salesanduse/Documents/LocalTaxRebateSupplementalForm.pdf
Track Local Distribution with Monthly DFA Report

At the prompting of the League and several key state legislators, the Arkansas Department of Finance and Administration makes available a monthly “Local Distribution by NAICS Report,” which gives municipal and county leaders access to important sales and use tax collection information in their area organized by NAICS (North American Industry Classification System) code. This information can be helpful to identify collection trends and causes of significant swings from month to month.

The monthly reports include the following information:

- Tax collections for each NAICS code will be provided when there are at least three businesses in the code.
- When there are not three businesses in a code, a summary total will be provided for all NAICS codes not having three businesses.
- Totals per NAICS or Misc. code will be provided for (a) rebates and (b) other prior adjustments (audits and refunds).
- Vending decals and car revenue as separate amounts.
- The total accounted for by the report will agree to the tax transferred by DFA to the state treasurer for distribution before any adjustments made by the treasurer, the largest adjustment being the 3 percent administrative fee deducted by the state monthly.

The monthly reports are generated automatically and are accessible via the DFA website. To access the reports:

2. Select “Local Tax Collections.”
3. Select “Local Distribution by NAICS.”
4. Type in the specific city or county for which information is requested.
5. Locate the monthly file you wish to view in either PDF or CSV format. Files in both formats may be viewed and downloaded by the user.
PUBLIC NOTICE

CITY OF _____________________, ARKANSAS

PROCLAMATION

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR OF THE CITY OF _____________________, ARKANSAS.

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE CITY OF _____________________, ARKANSAS, GREETINGS:

WHEREAS, a special election was held on _____________, 20___, which submitted the levying of a _____ percent (____%) local sales and use tax to the qualified voters of the City of _____________________, Arkansas, and;

WHEREAS, the laws of the State of Arkansas require the mayor of the city of _____________________, Arkansas, to issue a proclamation of the results of such special election with reference to the local sales and use tax, such proclamation to be published one (1) time in a newspaper having general circulation in the city;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, _____________________, mayor of the city of _____________________, Arkansas, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby proclaim the following to be the results of the _____________, 20___, special election as to the levying of a ___ percent (____%) local sales and use tax within the city of _____________________, Arkansas:

For adoption of a _____ percent (____%) local sales and use tax within the city _____________________

Against adoption of a _____ percent (____%) local sales and use tax within the city _____________________

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of my office to be affixed this ______ day of _____________, 20__________.

SIGNED BY: _____________________

_______________________________, Mayor
OPERATING AUTHORITIES—CITY
(May be used for general revenue, special revenue [if ballot limits use] or pledged to bonds if done by separate vote.)

LEVYING SALES AND USE TAX

ORDINANCE NO. __________________

AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR THE LEVY OF A ___ PERCENT SALES AND USE TAX WITHIN THE CITY OF ________________, ARKANSAS; AND PRESCRIBING OTHER MATTERS PERTAINING THERETO.

WHEREAS, the city council of the city of ________________, Arkansas (the “City”), has determined that there is a great need for immediate improvement of municipal services and for a source of revenue to finance such services; and

WHEREAS, Title 26, Chapter 75, Subchapter 2 [or Subchapter 3 if the second authority is to be used] of the Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated (the “Authorizing Legislation”) provides for the levy of a ___ percent (___%)⁴ citywide sales and use tax;

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the city council of the city of ________________, Arkansas:

Section 1. Under the authority of the Authorizing Legislation, there is hereby levied a ______ percent (____%) tax on the gross receipts from the sale at retail within the City of all items which are subject to the Arkansas Gross Receipts Act of 1941, as amended (A.C.A. § 26-52-101, et seq.), and the imposition of an excise (or use) tax on the storage, use, distribution or other consumption within the City of tangible personal property subject to the Arkansas Compensating Tax Act of 1949, as amended (A.C.A. § 26-53-101, et seq.), at a rate of ______ percent (____%) of the sale price of the property or, in the case of leases or rentals, of the lease or rental price (collectively, the “Sales and Use Tax”).

Section 2. That all ordinances and parts thereof in conflict herewith are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

Section 3. That this ordinance shall not take effect until an election⁵ is held on the question of levying the Sales and Use Tax at which a majority of the electors voting on the question shall have approved the levy of the Sales and Use Tax.

Passed: ____________________________ (Month, Day, Year).

Attest: ____________________________

Approved: _________________________
City ______________________________
Mayor ______________________________

(SEAL)
CALLING A SPECIAL ELECTION

ORDINANCE NO. ____________________

AN ORDINANCE CALLING A SPECIAL ELECTION IN THE CITY OF _____________, ARKANSAS, ON THE QUESTION OF LEVYING A _____ PERCENT SALES AND USE TAX WITHIN THE CITY OF _____________, ARKANSAS; PRESCRIBING OTHER MATTERS PERTAINING THERETO; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

WHEREAS, the city council of the city of _____________, Arkansas (the “City”), has passed on (month, day, year), Ordinance No. ___ providing for the levy of a _____ percent (___%)6 sales and use tax within the City (the “Sales and Use Tax”); and

WHEREAS, the purpose of this ordinance is to call a special election on the question of the levy of the Sales and Use Tax.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the city council of the city of _____________, Arkansas:

Section 1. That there be, and there is hereby called, a special election to be held on (month, day, year), at which election there shall be submitted to the electors of the City the question of the levy of the Sales and Use Tax.7

Section 2. That the question of levying the Sales and Use Tax shall be placed on the ballot for the election in substantially the following form:

Vote on measure by placing an “X” in the square opposite the measure either for or against:

FOR adoption of a ___% local sales and use tax within the city of _____________, Arkansas

AGAINST adoption of a ___% local sales and use tax within the city of _____________, Arkansas.8

Section 3. That the election shall be held and conducted and the vote canvassed and the results declared under the law and in the manner now provided for municipal elections unless otherwise provided in Title 26, Chapter 75, Subchapter 2 [or Subchapter 3 if the second authority is to be used] of the Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated (the “Authorizing Legislation”) and only qualified voters of the City shall have the right to vote at the election.

Section 4. That the results of the election shall be proclaimed by the mayor, and his proclamation shall be published one time in a newspaper having a general circulation in the City, which proclamation shall advise that the results as proclaimed shall be conclusive unless attacked in the courts within thirty (30) days after the date of publication.

Section 5. That a copy of this ordinance shall be given to the county board of election commissioners so that the necessary election officials and supplies may be provided. A certified copy of this ordinance shall also be provided to the commissioner of revenues of the State of Arkansas as soon as practical.

Section 6. That the mayor and city clerk [or recorder, as the case may be,] for and on behalf of the City, are hereby authorized and directed to do any and all things necessary to call and hold the special election as herein provided and, if the levy of the Sales and Use Tax is approved by the electors, to cause the Sales and Use Tax to be collected in accordance with the Authorizing Legislation, and to perform all acts of whatever nature necessary in a timely fashion to carry out the authority conferred by this ordinance.

Section 7. That all ordinances and parts thereof in conflict herewith are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

Section 8. It is hereby ascertained and declared that there is a great need to establish a stable source of revenue to finance vital municipal services in order to promote and protect the health, safety and welfare of the City and its inhabitants. It is, therefore, declared that an emergency exists and this Ordinance being necessary for the immediate preservation of public peace, health and safety shall be in force and take effect immediately from and after its passage.

Passed: ________________________ (Month, Day, Year).

Attest: ________________________

Approved: ________________________

City ________________________

Mayor ________________________

(SEAL)

6. The percentages authorized by statute are one-eighth (.125%), one-fourth of one percent (.25%), one-half of one percent (.5%), three-fourths of one percent (.75%) or one percent (1%), or any combination of these amounts (A.C.A. § 26-74-207(a)).

7. The election must be held within one hundred twenty (120) days of the ordinance calling for the election (A.C.A. § 26-74-207(a)).

8. The ballot title may also include an expiration date for the levy of the tax as specified in A.C.A. § 26-74-208.
OPERATING AUTHORITIES—COUNTY

(May be used for general revenue, special revenue [if ballot limits use] or pledged to bonds if done by separate vote)

LEVYING SALES AND USE TAX

ORDINANCE NO. __________

AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR THE LEVY OF A _____ PERCENT SALES AND USE TAX WITHIN ________________ COUNTY, ARKANSAS; AND PRESCRIBING OTHER MATTERS PERTAINING THERETO.

WHEREAS, the quorum court of ________________ County, Arkansas (the “County”), has determined that there is a great need for immediate improvement of county and municipal services and for a source of revenue to finance such services; and

WHEREAS, Title 26, Chapter 74, Subchapter 2 [or Subchapter 3 if the second authority is to be used] of the Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated (the “Authorizing Legislation”) provides for the levy of a _____ percent (____%) countywide sales and use tax;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED by the quorum court of ________________ County, Arkansas;

Section 1. Under the authority of the Authorizing Legislation, there is hereby levied a _____ percent (____%) tax on the gross receipts from the sale at retail within ________________ County, all items which are subject to the Arkansas Gross Receipts Act of 1941, as amended (A.C.A. § 26-52-101, et seq.), and the imposition of an excise (or use) tax on the storage, use, distribution or other consumption within ________________ County, tangible personal property subject to the Arkansas Compensating Tax Act of 1949, as amended (A.C.A. § 26-53-101, et seq.), at a rate of _____ percent (____%) of the sale price of the property or, in the case of leases or rentals, of the lease or rental price (collectively, the “Sales and Use Tax”).

Section 2. That all ordinances and parts thereof in conflict herewith are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

Section 3. That this ordinance shall not take effect until an election¹⁰ is held on the question of levying the Sales and Use Tax at which a majority of the electors voting on the question shall have approved the levy of the Sales and Use Tax.

Passed: ________________ (Month, Day, Year).

Attest:

Approved:

County ________________

County Judge ________________

(SEAL)

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9. The percentages authorized by statute are one-eighth (.125%), one-fourth of one percent (.25%), one-half of one percent (.5%), three-fourths of one percent (.75%) or one percent (1%), or any combination of these amounts (A.C.A. § 26-74-207(a)).

10. The election must be held within one hundred twenty (120) days of the ordinance calling for the election (A.C.A. § 26-74-207(a)).
CALLING A SPECIAL ELECTION

ORDINANCE NO. __________________

AN ORDINANCE CALLING A SPECIAL ELECTION IN ____________ COUNTY, ARKANSAS, ON
THE QUESTION OF LEVYING A _____ PERCENT SALES AND USE TAX WITHIN ____________
COUNTY, ARKANSAS; PRESCRIBING OTHER MATTERS PERTAINING THERETO; AND DECLARING AN
EMERGENCY.

WHEREAS, the quorum court of ____________ County, Arkansas (the “County”), has passed on (month, day,
year), Ordinance No. __ providing for the levy of a _____ percent (_____%)11 sales and use tax within the County (the
“Sales and Use Tax”); and

WHEREAS, the purpose of this ordinance is to call a special election on the question of the levy of the Sales and Use Tax.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED by the quorum court of ____________ County, Arkansas:

Section 1. That there be, and there is hereby called, a special election to be held on (month, day, year), at which election
there shall be submitted to the electors of the County the question of the levy of the Sales and Use Tax.12

Section 2. That the question of the levying the Sales and Use Tax shall be placed on the ballot for the election in sub-
stantially the following form:

Vote on the measure by placing an “X” in the square opposite the measure either for or against:

FOR adoption of a ____ % local sales and use tax within (name of county)

AGAINST adoption of a ____ % local sales and use tax within (name of county).13

Section 3. That the election shall be held and conducted and the vote canvassed and the results declared under the law
and in the manner now provided for county elections unless otherwise provided in Title 26, Chapter 74, Subchapter 2 [or
Subchapter 3 if the second authority is to be used] of the Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated (the “Authorizing Legislation”) and
only qualified voters of the County shall have the right to vote at the election.

Section 4. That the results of the election shall be proclaimed by the county court, and this proclamation shall be pub-
lished one time in a newspaper having general circulation in the County.

Section 5. That a copy of this ordinance shall be given to the [name of county] County Board of Election Commission-
ers so that the necessary election officials and supplies may be provided. A certified copy of this Ordinance shall also be
provided to the commissioner of revenues of the State of Arkansas as soon as practical.

Section 6. That the County Judge and Quorum Court, for and on behalf of the County, be, and they are hereby author-
ized and directed to do any and all things necessary to call and hold the special election as herein provided and, if the levy
of the Sales and Use Tax is approved by the electors, to cause the Sales and Use Tax to be collected in accordance with the
Authorizing Legislation, and to perform all acts of whatever nature necessary in a timely fashion to carry out the authority
conferred by this ordinance.

Section 7. That all ordinances and parts thereof in conflict herewith are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

Section 8. It is hereby ascertained and declared that there is a great need to establish a stable source of revenue to
finance vital county services in order to promote and protect the health, safety and welfare of the County and its inhabit-
ants. It is, therefore, declared that an emergency exists and this ordinance being necessary for the immediate preservation
of public peace, health and safety shall be in force and take effect immediately from and after its passage.

Passed: ________________, (Month, Day, Year).

Attest: ____________________________

Approved: ____________________________

County ____________________________

County Judge ____________________________

(SEAL)

11. The percentages authorized by statute are one-eighth (.125%), one-fourth of one percent (.25%), one-half of one percent (.5%), three-fourths of one percent (.75%) or
one percent (1%), or any combination of these amounts (A.C.A. § 26-75-207(a); 26-75-307(a)).

12. The election must be held within one hundred twenty (120) days of the ordinance calling for the election (A.C.A. § 26-75-208(a); 26-75-308(a)).

13. The ballot title may also include an expiration date for the levy of the tax as specified in A.C.A. §§ 26-75-207 and 26-75-308.